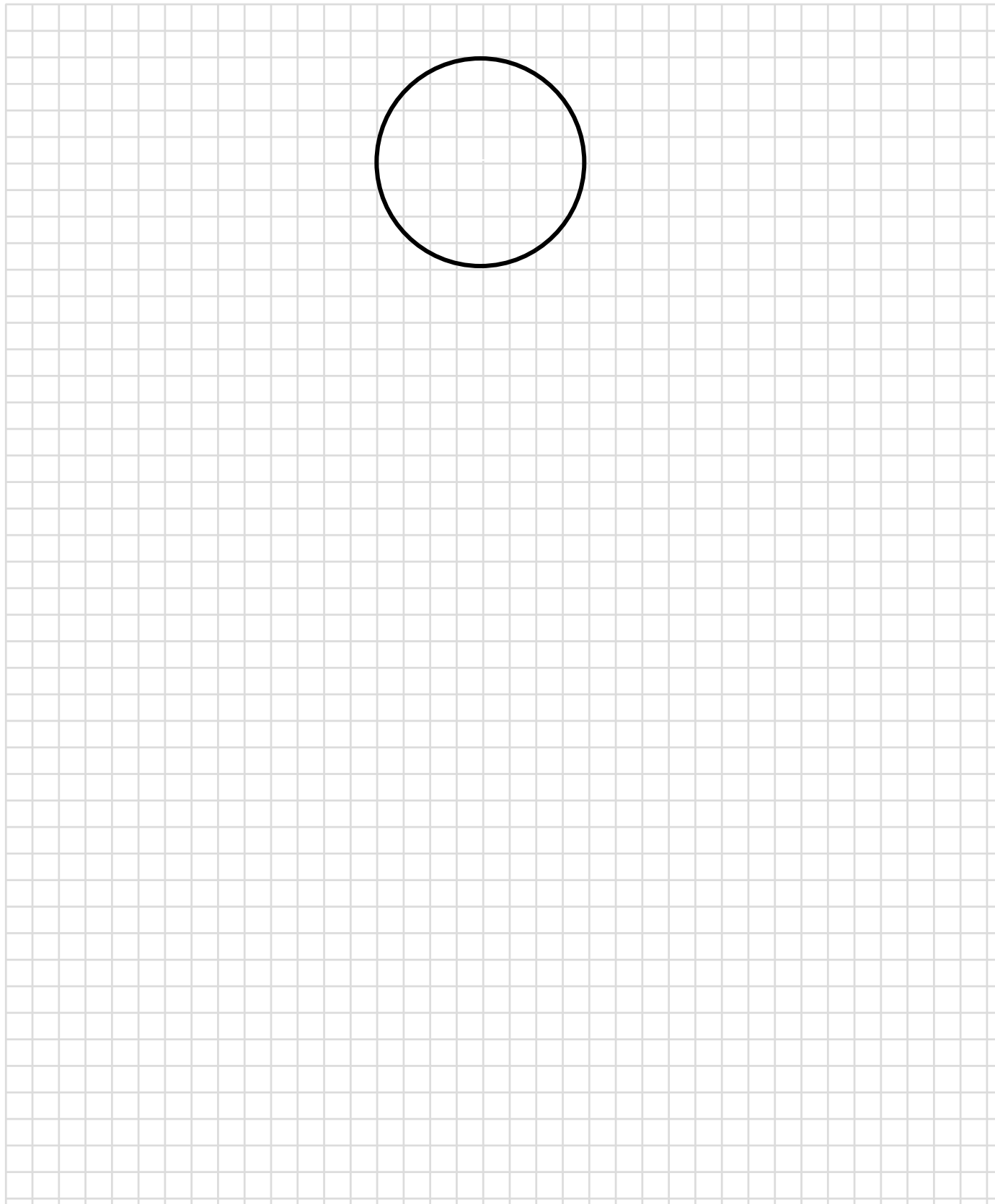


16-1

A steel rod of $1/8$ -in. diameter is bent into a loop of 10-ft diameter. Compute the maximum flexural stress in the rod.

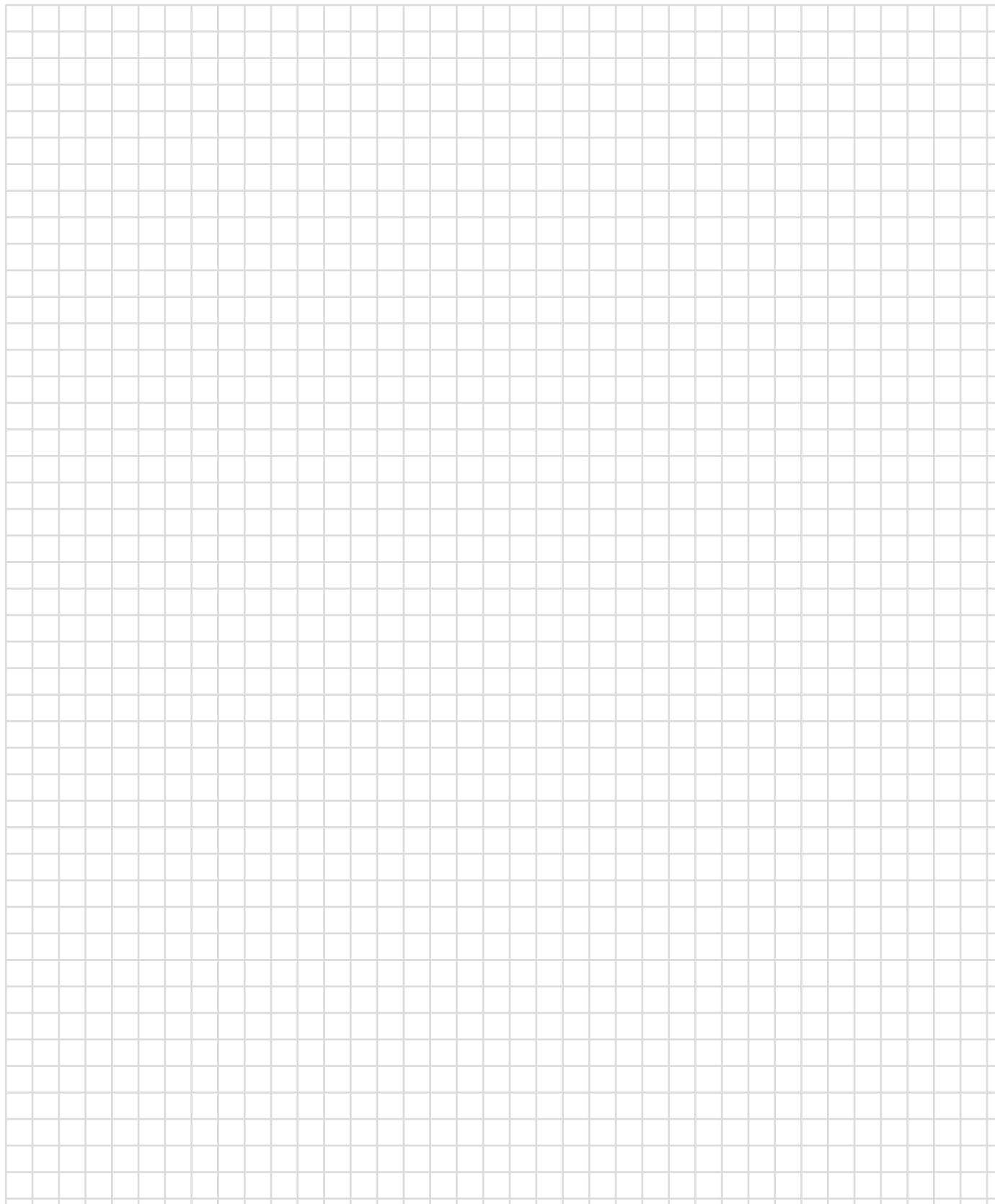
Solution.



16-3

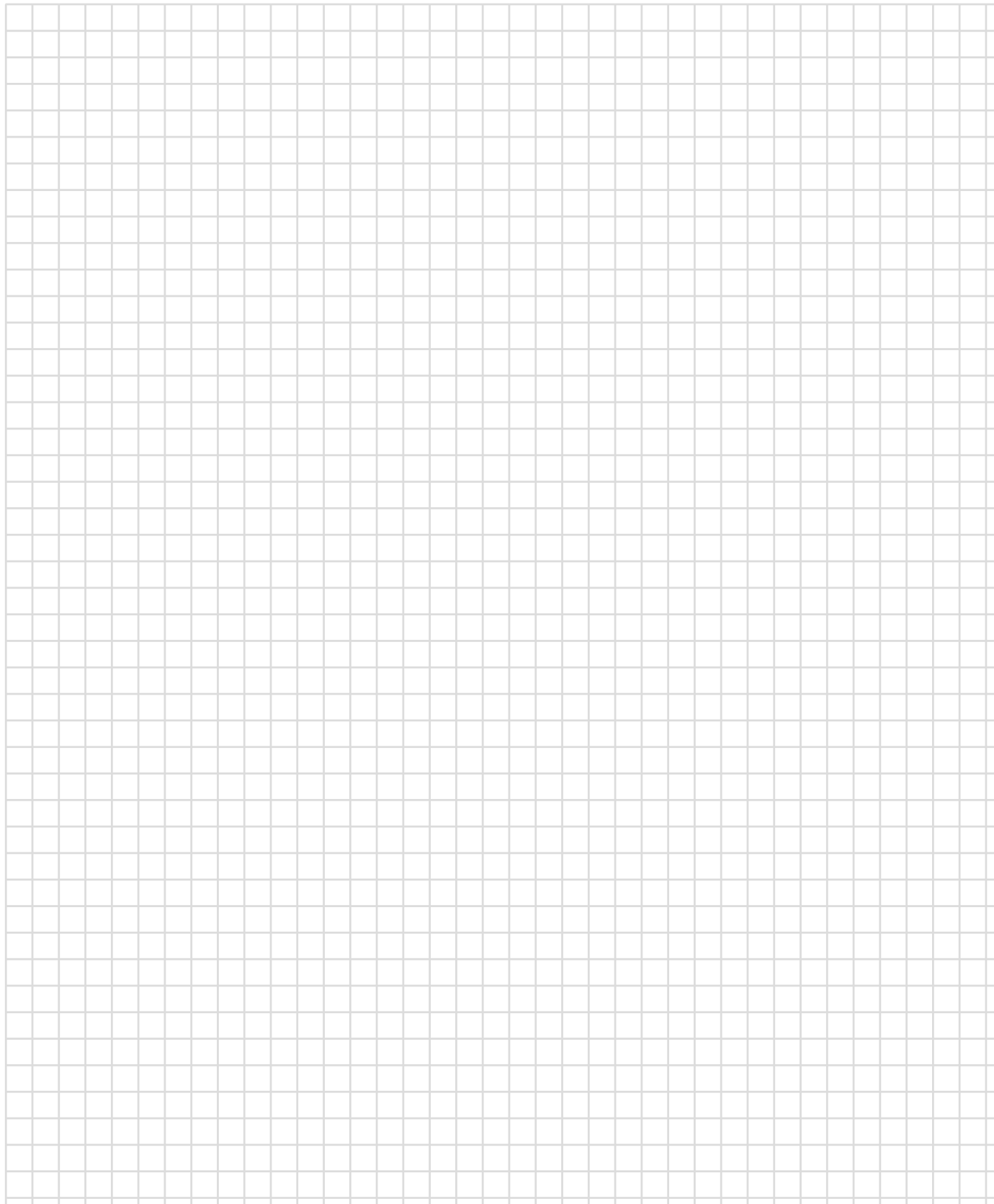
A $\frac{1}{32}$ -in.-thick steel blade is wrapped around a drum of 3-ft diameter. Compute the maximum flexural stress in the blade.

Solution.



16-4

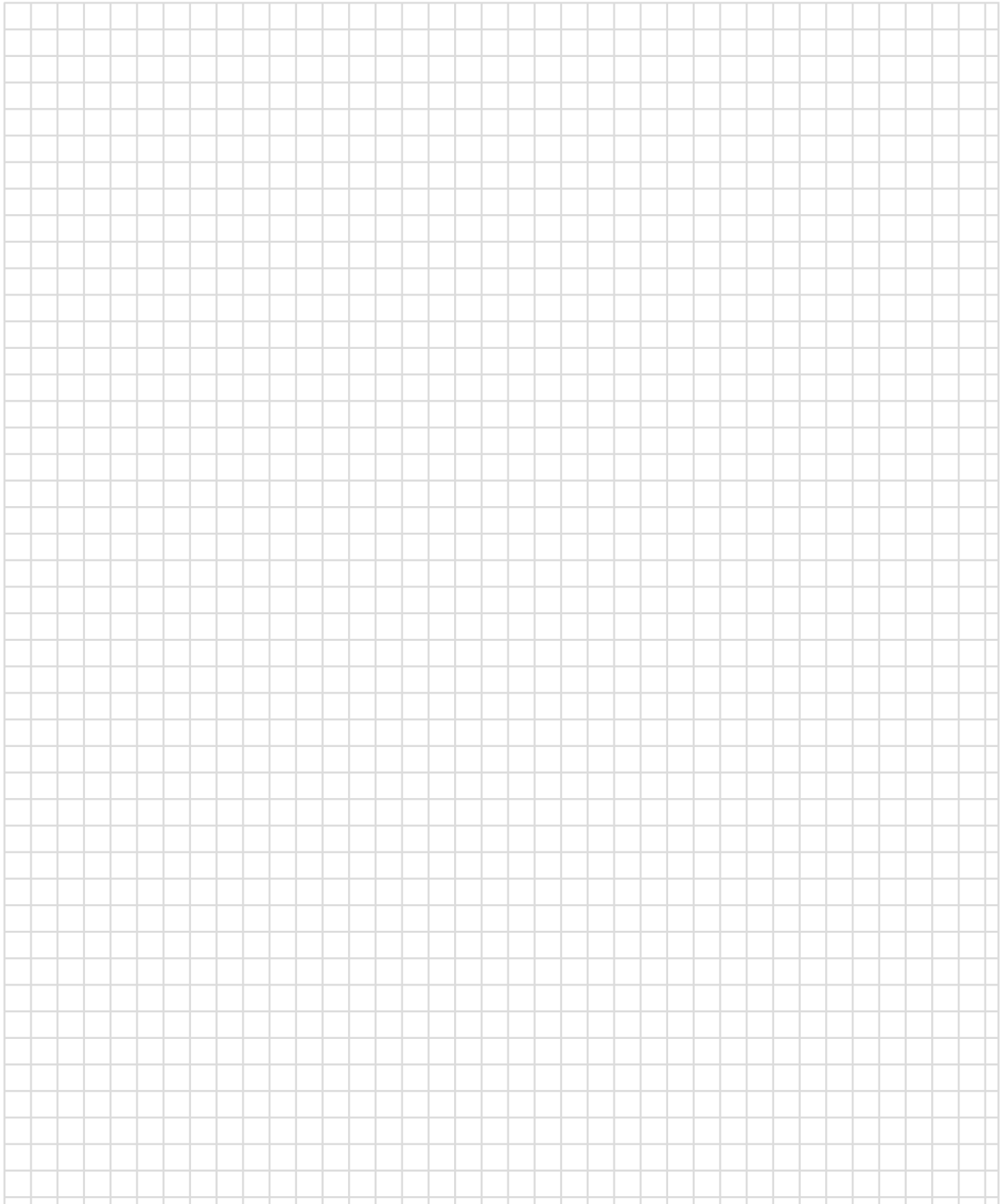
A 0.08 in (2-mm) diameter copper wire is wound into a coil. Determine the minimum diameter of the coil that the wire can be wound around if the allowable flexural stress is 8700 psi (60 MPa).



16-5

A $\frac{1}{16}$ -in.-diameter steel wire is wound into a coil. Determine the minimum diameter of the coil if the allowable flexural stress is 24 ksi.

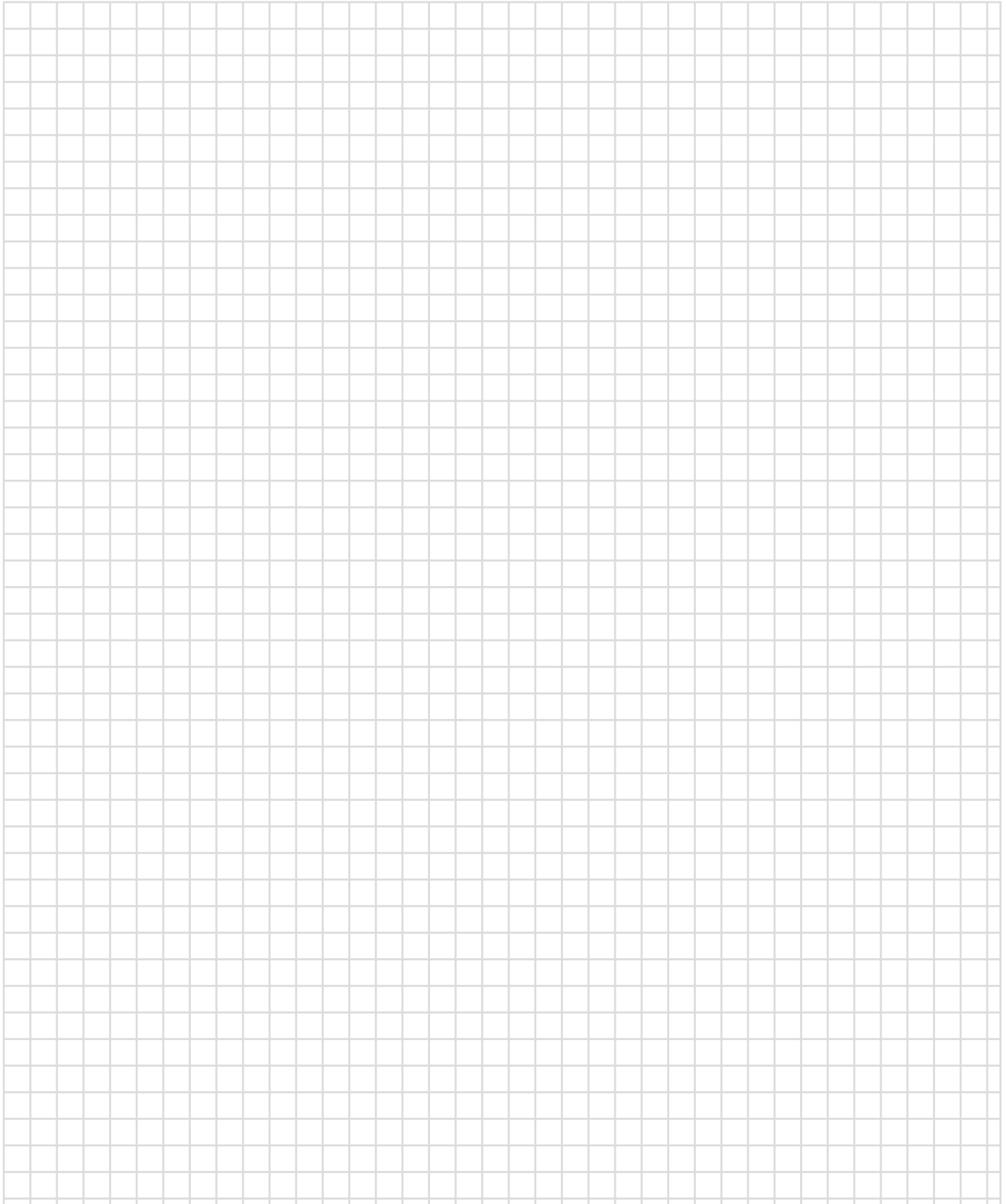
Solution.



16-7

A W16 x 36 steel section is used in a 30-ft simple span. Compute the maximum deflection due to a concentrated load of 12 kips at the midspan.

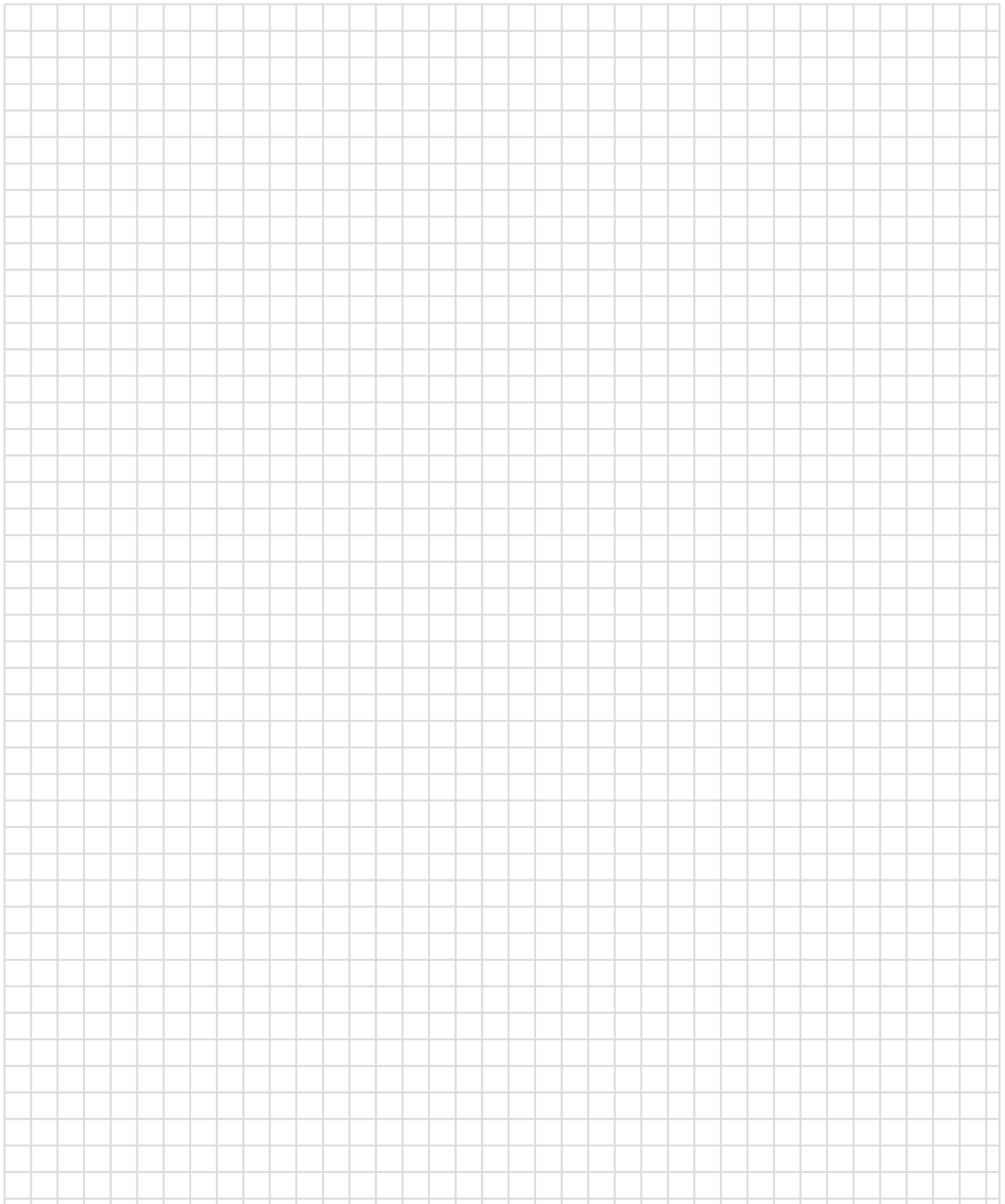
Solution.



16-8

Rework Problem 16-7. Assume that a uniform load of 0.4 kip/ft is applied to the entire span.

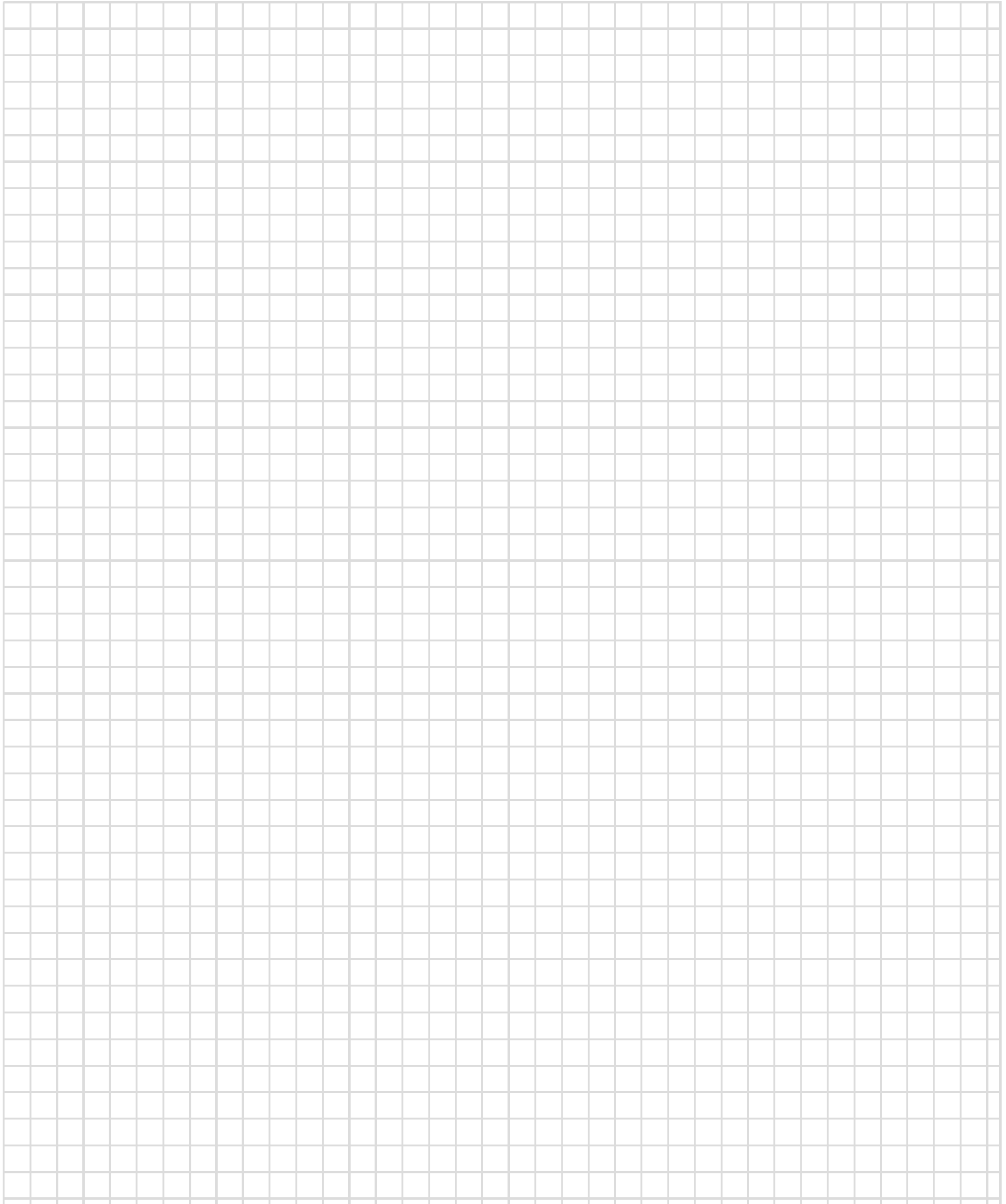
Solution.



16-12

A 4 x 10 rectangular Southern pine section is used in a 10-ft cantilever span. Compute the deflections at the quarter points due to a uniform load of 300 lb/ft.

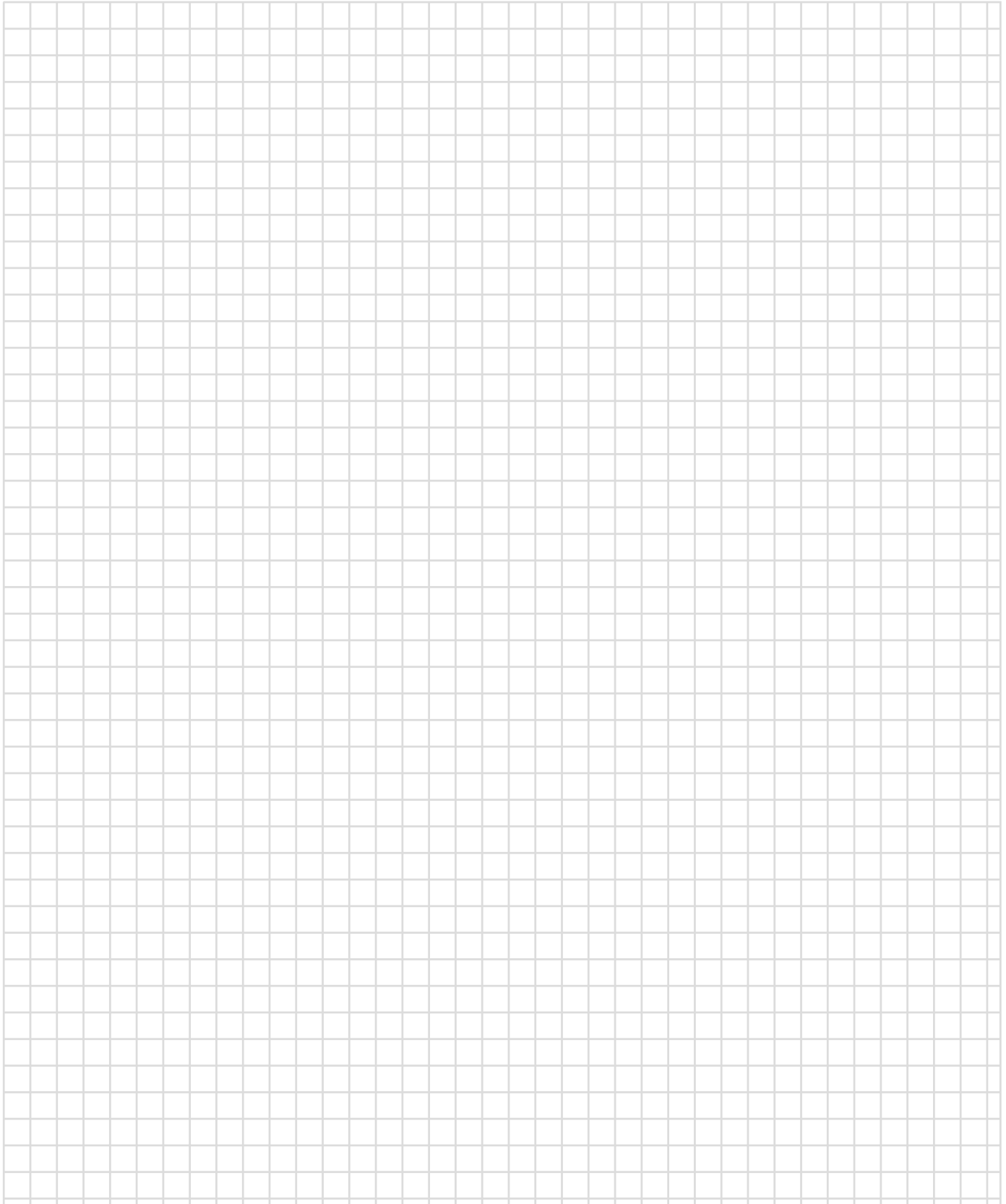
Solution.



16-13

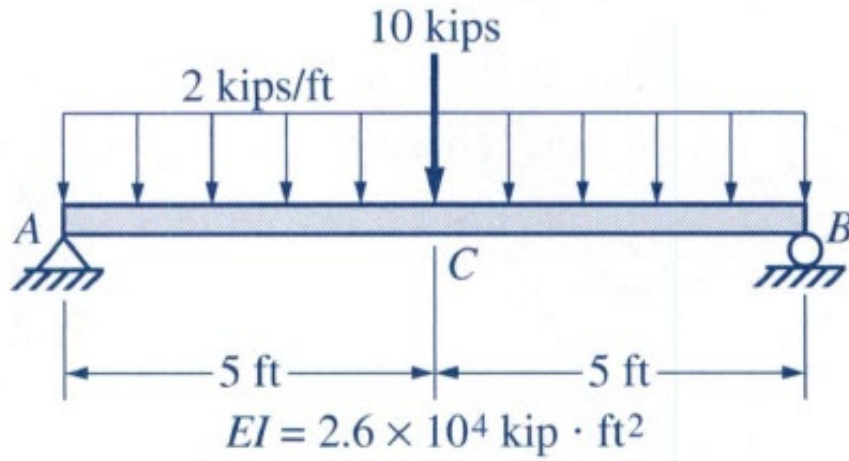
A W18 x 60 steel section is used in a 25-ft simple span. Determine the maximum allowable uniform load w that the beam can carry if the allowable flexural stress is 24 ksi, the allowable shear stress is 15 ksi, and the allowable deflection is $1/360$ of the span length.

Solution.



6-20 to 16-25 See Figs. P16-20 to P16-25. Determine the deflection at the midspan C of each simply supported beam subjected to the loads shown. The flexural rigidity of each beam is indicated.

16-21



6-20 to 16-25 See Figs. P16-20 to P16-25. Determine the deflection at the midspan C of each simply supported beam subjected to the loads shown. The flexural rigidity of each beam is indicated.

16-24

